Challenges in the fields of cards and innovations?

8th Conference on Payment and Securities Settlement Systems, Ohrid, 11-13 May 2015

Michiel van Doeveren and Rui Pimentel

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Agenda

- Challenges in the Retail Payments market
- SEPA for Cards
- Innovations
- Concluding remarks





What are the challenges for retail payments after the migration to SEPA on 1 August 2014?

- We are living in a 24-hours per day economy
- Consumer demand is leading (internet)
- Integration of physical & online points of sale
- European law (PSD2, IF Card-based payments regulation)
- Euro Retail Payments Board
- Innovations and new market players
- Cash stays and must be reachable











SEPA for Cards **EPC Cards Framework**



Ideal situation: 'Any (contactless) card/device at any terminal':

- Schemes which are accepted throughout Europe
 Open non-discriminatory card scheme membership
 Uniform pan European processing for all schemes and processors

Options for SEPA compliance:

- Make national schemes SCF-compliant Replace national by international schemes
- Co-branding

Security:

EMV implementation: widespread Chip and PIN usage





SEPA for Cards: policy issues

In April 2014, the ECB launched the Report "Card payments in Europe – A renewed focus On SEPA for Cards"

- Referring to multiple aspects of market integration in this field that still needs to be tackled
- Reflecting the Eurosystem's view on the topic (e.g. growth potential for card payment usage) and starting preparations
- Considering a policy approach for each aspect
- For making the <u>next phase of SEPA</u> a reality



http://www.ecb.europa.eu/press/pr/date/ 2014/html/pr140429.en.html

SEPA for Cards: policy issues

- Transparency on fees and Interchange fees
- Standardisation
- Central licensing, issuing or acquiring
- European POS-terminal
- Certification of cards and terminals
- Unbundling of scheme management and
- processing services









Euro Retail Payments Board

- Aim: To foster an integrated, competitive and innovative payments market in the EU
- Chaired by the ECB
- Participants: representatives of supply and demand side, national central banks and European Commission
- First results and working activities 2015





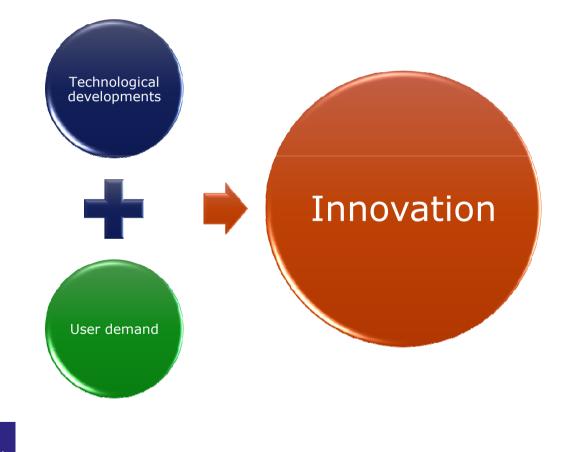
http://www.ecb.europa.eu/paym/retpaym/ governance/eu/html/index.en.html

What about the future?



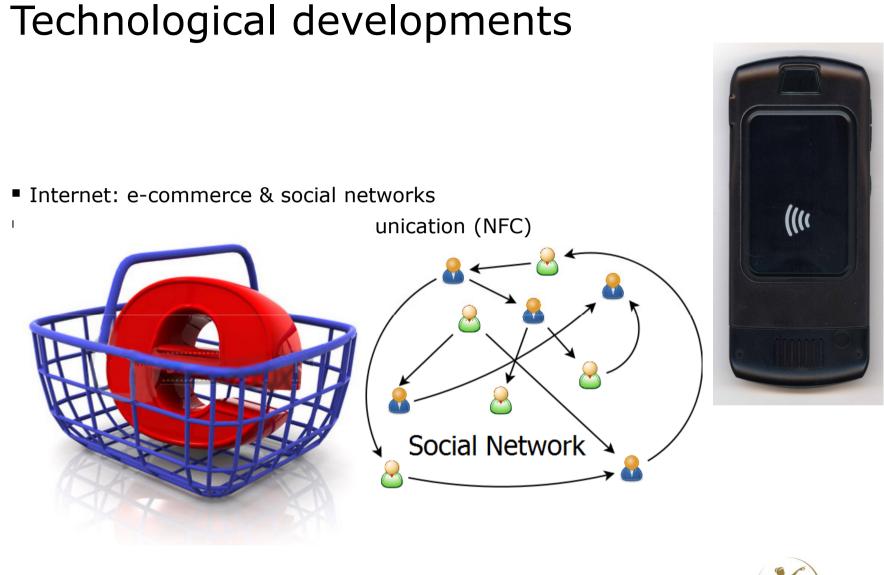
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Drivers of innovation





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User demand

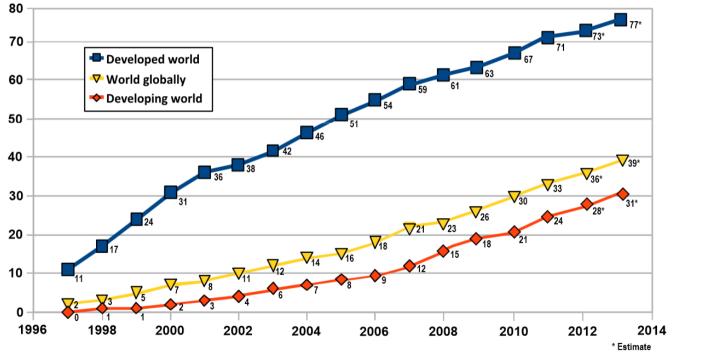
Convenience
Speed
"Real time economy"
Anonymity
Safety & security
Financial inclusion





Internet Users per 100 inhabitants

(Source: International Telecommunications Union)

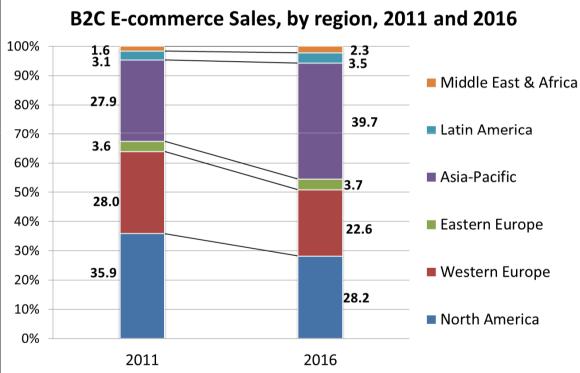




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Technology: e-commerce

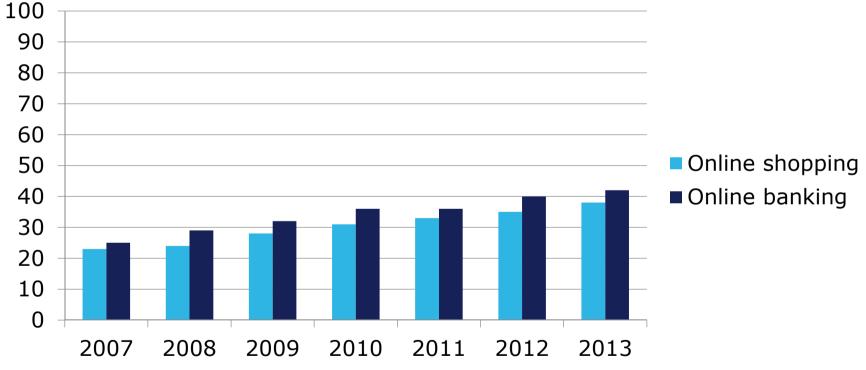
(Source: eMarketer)





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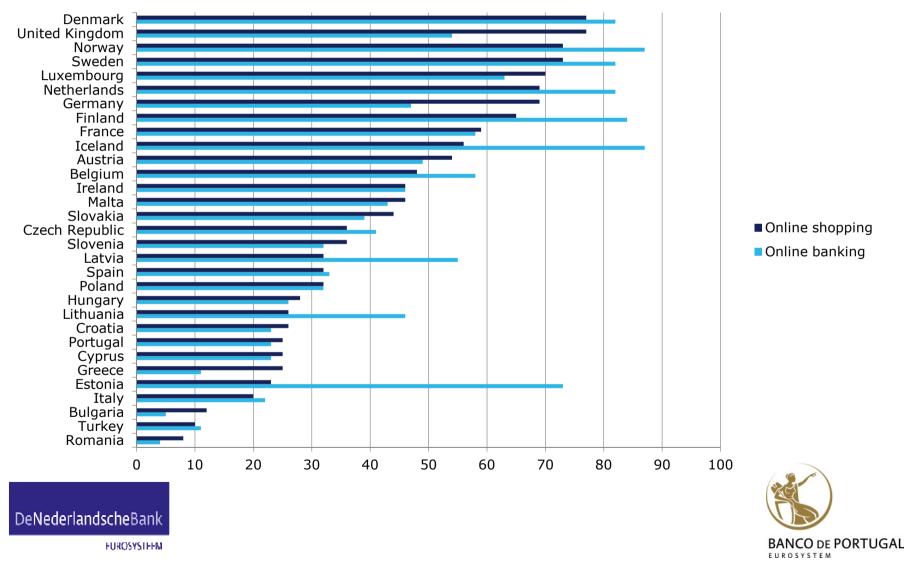
Online shopping and banking by individuals in the EU28 (Eurostat)



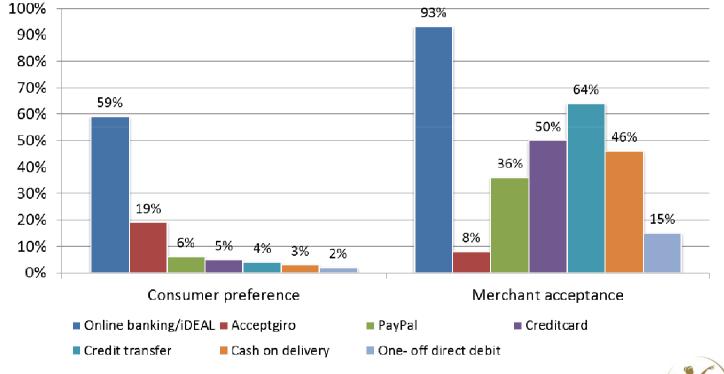


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Online shopping and banking by individuals per country (Eurostat)



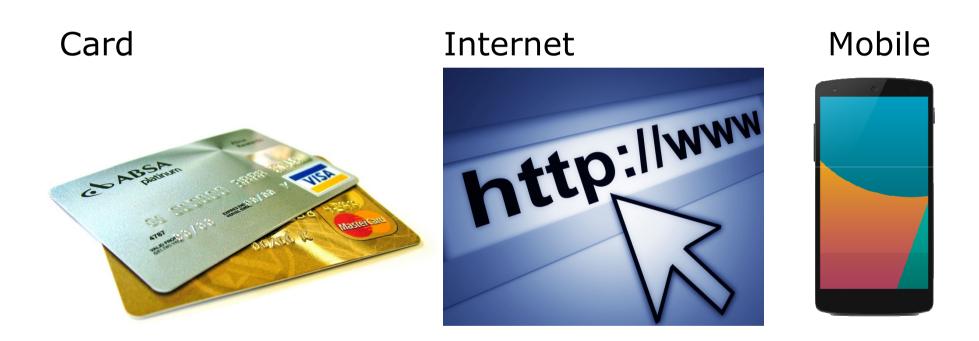
Online shopping in the Netherlands: methods of payment





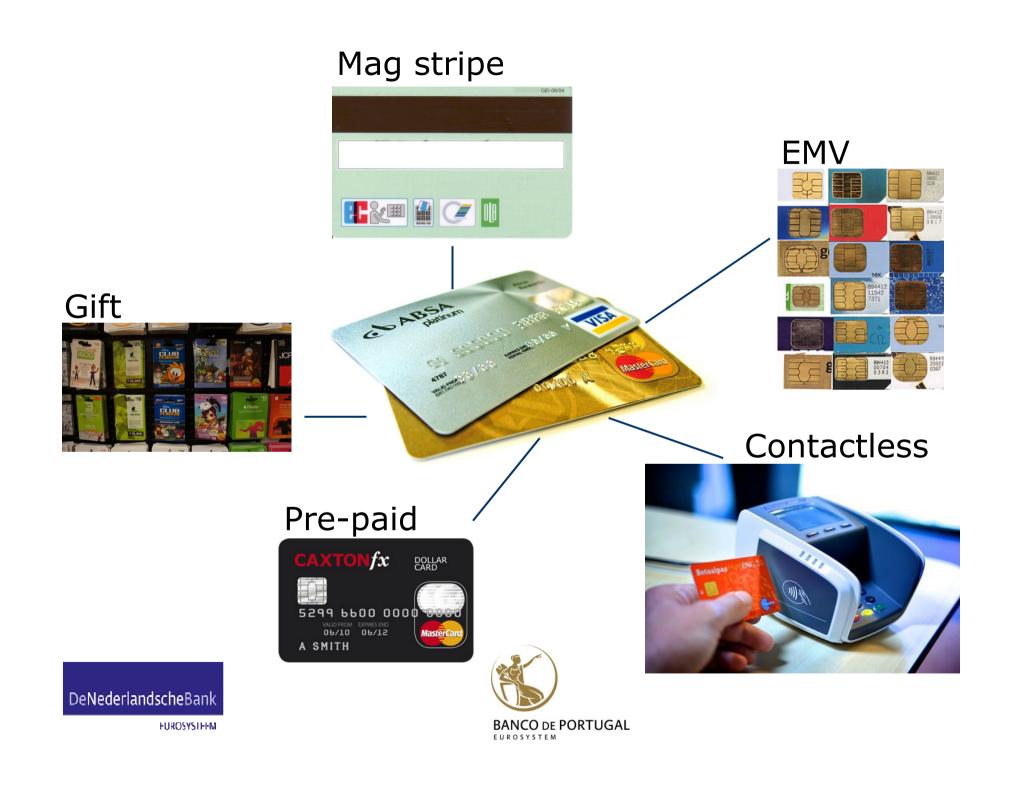
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Retail payments innovations

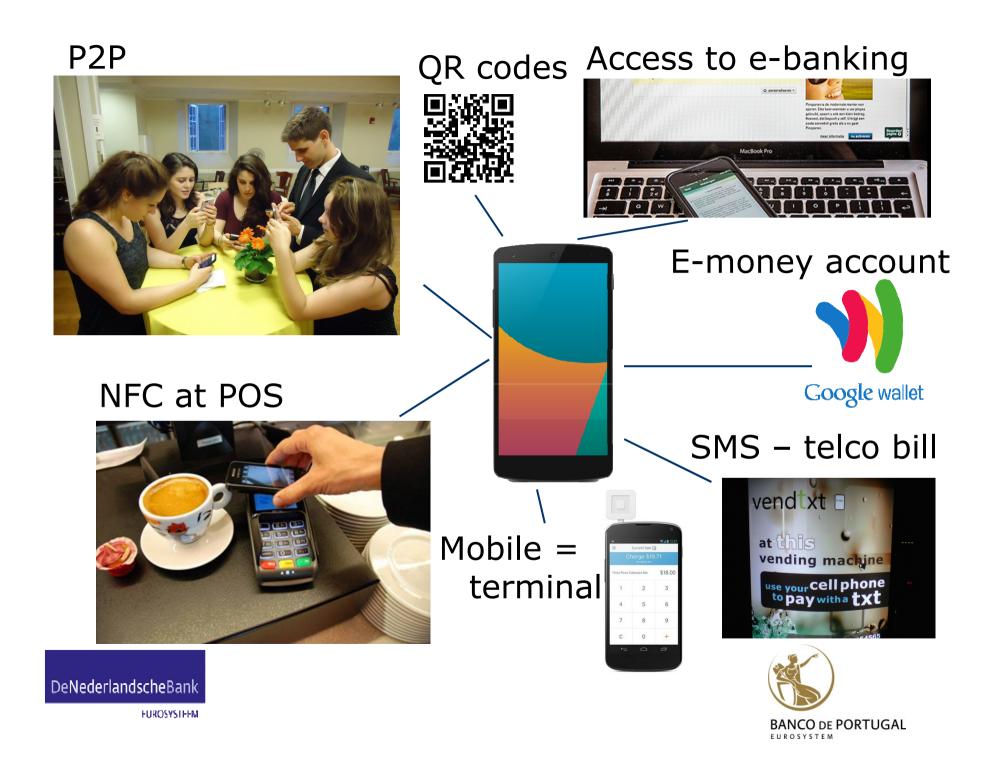




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Innovations in retail payments



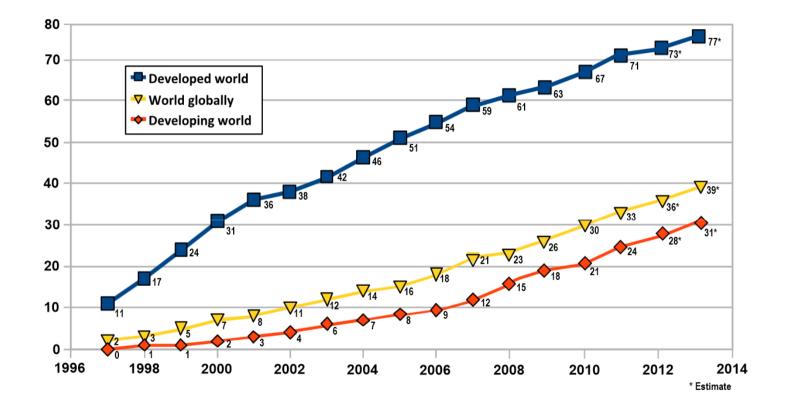
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Trends in the payments landscape



BANCO DE PORTUGAL

Internet users per 100 inhabitants



(Source: International Telecommunications Union)



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Examples

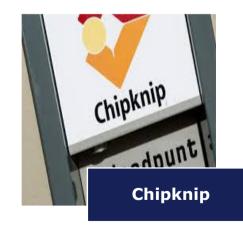


- Online payment solution
- Acceptance in NL and abroad

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Introduction supply driven

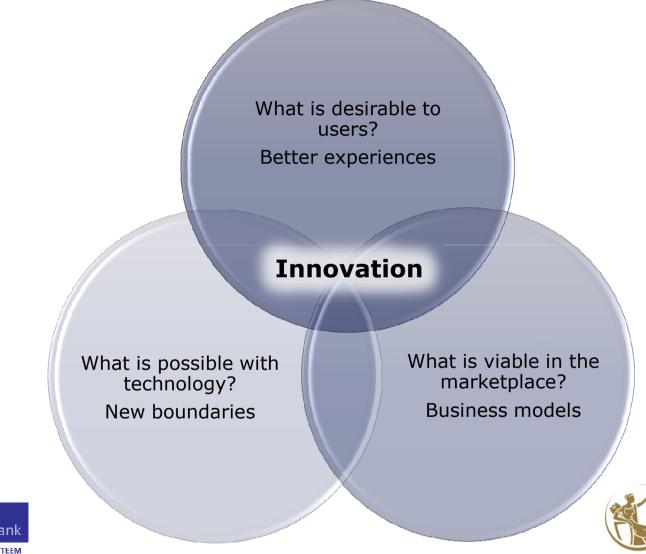
Abolished in December 2014

E-money: solution for small amounts



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Drivers to innovation



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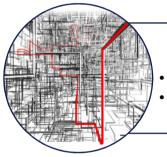
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Barriers to overcome



Characteristics of the payments market

Network industry Two-sided market



Complexity of technical infrastructures

Many parties Interdependent



Recipe for success

1. Cooperation between different parties

- Tackle fragmented market and heterogeneous consumer base
- Banks and new actors

2. Clear added value to consumers and retailers

- Which problem are we solving?
- Speed, ease of use, costs, security

3. Communication by providers

- Knowledge of usage
- Risk awareness

4. Regulatory environment

- Constructive approach by regulator
- Case-by-case assessment







Recipe for success

Other developments in the field of "mobile" shape new trends in retail payments experience

mPOS

mCommerce

Multi-channel approach







Instant Payments

- International experiences (UK, DK, SE, IT, MX, AU)
- The direction in Europe is towards real-time payments, but its tempo will vary by country, product and channel
- New topic to gain a central place in the international agenda (ERPB etc)





Selected observations

- -Dynamic market, but classics dominate
- -Cross-border solutions are rare
- Increasing role of nonbanks & need for cooperation





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Concluding remarks

The success of innovations depends on:



- User-friendliness and added value of new payment products compared to the existing products
- Well organised governance model: the Euro Retail Payments Board started its work in May 2014
- Further European standardisation and innovation: revolution by evolution.





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